Special Webcast

How to Improve Claims Savings with End-to-End Transparency





September 28, 2021



Some of the critical questions and issues we will be answering today

 Learn how claims management and members are negatively impacted by traditional out-ofnetwork claims repricing methods.

 Recognize important best practices for claims repricing and strengths and weaknesses of different industry programs

 Benefit plans and members deserve to have predictable and cost-effective out-ofnetwork claims repricing and payment administration How end-to-end transparency in claims administration can produce improved benefit plan and member satisfaction



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Making the most of the webcast







Today's Speakers



Scott Smith Chairman of the Board *TRPN DirectPay Inc.*

Deb Cohen, PhD (Moderator)

Consultant and Distinguished Principal Research Fellow *The Conference Board*



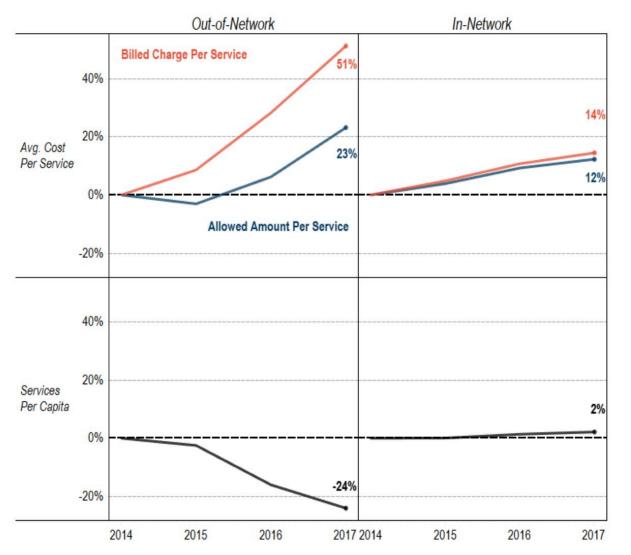
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Current Situation:

Out-of-Network spending represents a small portion of total spending and has remained stable representing an average of 6.6 percent of total allowed spending per year from 2008 to 2016 among commercially insured.

The potential financial burden for those who received OON has increased. OON charges per service have grown rapidly, exposing patients to potentially larger balance bills.

Change in billed charges vs. allowed amounts per service for in-network, out-of-network care 2014-2017



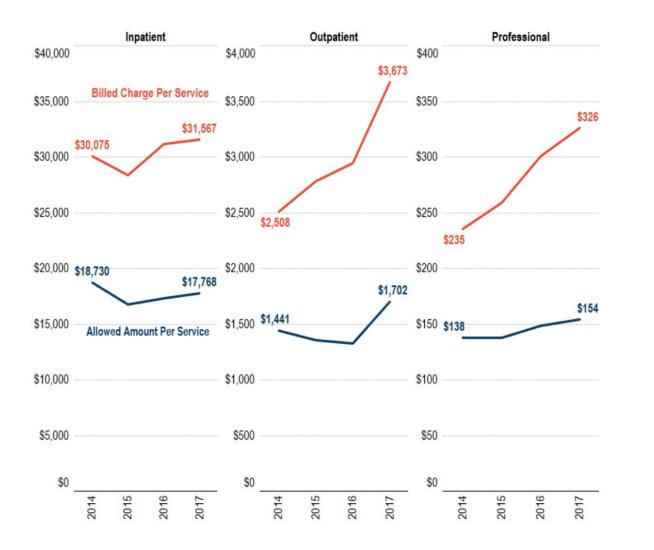
Source: Authors' analysis of Health Care Cost Institute commercial claims data, 2014-17.

 OON services decline, cost of care increased greatly – average allowed spending per service grew 23%, in-network grew 12%

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- Avg OON billed charge per service grew 51% and innetwork grew 14%. A shift in more expensive services moved to OON
- Use of OON services decreased 24%

Rapid Increase in Out-of-Network Billed Charges Increased Potential Balance Bill



 OON billed charges per service grew more than 2x rate of allowed amounts (51% vs 23%).

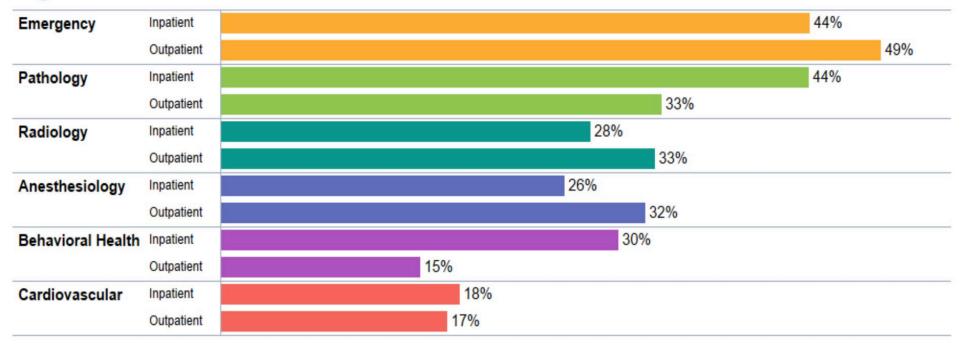
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- True across all 3 categories.
- Result: the gap between average billed charge and allowed amount equals potential balance bill. Risk grew 22%, outpatient services fastest relative growth 85%
- Conclusion: Potential balance bill faced by patients who received OON care has dramatically increased over time.



Less than half of specialist providers bill out-of-network

Figure 1: Percent of Providers that Billed Out-of-Network



Provider Billing as Ratio to Medicare

Brookings Study all Physician types charge between 239% to 460% of Medicare

Rand Study Hospitals and Health Systems charge between **198% to 420%** of Medicare

Table 1. Ratio of Charges to Medicare Rates by Physician Type, CY 2016

| - | | | • | |
|--|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | Median | 20 th Percentile | 80 th Percentile | |
| Emergency and Ancillary Physicians | | | | |
| Anesthesiology | 5.51 | 2.52 | 11.08 | |
| Emergency Medicine | 4.65 | 2.79 | 7.50 | |
| Diagnostic Radiology | 4.02 | 2.64 | 8.03 | |
| Pathology | 3.43 | 2.25 | 5.10 | |
| Other Specialists | | | | |
| Cardiology | 2.59 | 1.73 | 4.57 3.91 | |
| Orthopedic Surgery | 2.48 | 1.68 | | |
| General Surgery | 2.39 | 1.68 | 4.13 | |
| Primary Care | | | | |
| Family Practice | 2.03 | 1.39 | 3.82 | |
| Internal Medicine | 2.03 | 1.39 | 3.45 | |
| Summary | | | | |
| All Physicians | 2.39 | 1.49 | 4.60 | |
| All Emergency and Ancillary Physicians | 4.03 | 2.57 | 8.00 | |
| All Other Specialists | 2.27 | 1.46 | 4.01 | |
| (Not Emergency and Ancillary Physicians) | | | | |
| All Primary Care | 2.03 | 1.39 | 3.54 | |
| | | | | |

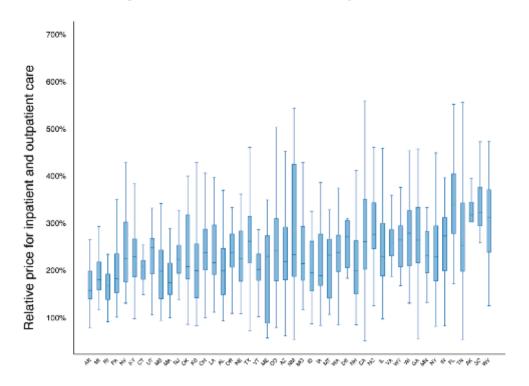
Source: Authors' analysis of Medicare Provider Utilization and Payment Data: Physician and Other Supplier Public Use Files, calendar year 2016. All Other Specialists includes all other specialist physicians included in the data, Le., it is not restricted to only those examples listed under other specialists in the table.

USC Schaeffer

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Figure 4.3. Distribution of Relative Prices, by State, 2018

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NOTE: Relative prices equal the ratio of the amounts actually paid divided by the amounts that would have been paid—for the same services provided by the same hospitals—using Medicare's price-setting formulas. For each state, this figure denotes the 25th-percentile, median (50th-percentile), and 75th-percentile relative prices.



Brookings Study all Physician types charge between 239% to 460% of Medicare

Rand Study Hospitals and Health Systems charge between **198% to 420%** of Medicare Out-of-Network Claims negatively impact both plan sponsor and members

- Unpredictable
- Create excessive cost
- 15-20% of visits result in Members being Balance Billed
- Member dissatisfaction, financial hardship, collection risk and abrasion
- Benefit Plans exposure to ERISA risk without having direct provider contracts securing discounts. Discount reversal further impact to benefit plan and member expense.
- Intermediaries erode 30-50% of savings generated.



Out-Of-Network Realities

- The <u>average</u> out-of-network <u>claim paid</u> is 2x 3x higher than what Medicare pays for the same service; often, claims are reimbursed at 10x or more than Medicare.
- Billed charges are typically 3-5x higher than what Medicare pays for the same service, having a significant impact on the cost sharing for employees (i.e., balance billing).
- Health plans (and their subcontracted cost containment firms) routinely retain 30% or more of provider discounts associated with out-of-network claims.
- Emergency services are a particular problem employees are trapped as many hospitals use out-ofnetwork physicians in their emergency room (e.g., 1 out of 7 ED visits in NJ). In 2016, the average surprise bill for an employee was \$622.55.⁽¹⁾
- Out-of-network business is more conducive to fraudulent billing practices.

<u>Bottom Line</u>: As out-of-network claims continue to skyrocket, the entire health industry is rewarded while employers and employees pay the price.

⁽¹⁾ Source: Z. Cooper, F. Scott, N. Shekita, Yale University (2017, July), Institution for Social Policy Studies, 'Surprise! Out-of-Network Billing for Emergency Care in the United States', (online) available at https://isps.yale.edu/sites/default/files/publication/2017, July), Institution for Social Policy Studies, 'Surprise! Out-of-Network Billing for Emergency Care in the United States', (online) available at https://isps.yale.edu/sites/default/files/publication/2017/07/surpriseoutofnetwrokbilling_isps17-22.pdf

Key Takeaways – Why this Really Matters!



- Insurance companies are aggressively cutting new deals with their employer customers for out-of-network business. *Out-of-network business is a <u>significant lever</u> used by insurance companies to drive profitability*.
- Little to no transparency exists when it comes to out-of-network claims. *Employers and employees are <u>at the mercy of health</u> <i>insurers, for out-of-network claims*.
- Currently, the mark-up that exists with OON is unsustainable. <u>Even</u> when deals are struck with individual out-of-network providers, the employer pays an inordinate administrative fee.

<u>Bottom Line</u>: Benefit plans must establish direct control over out-of-network claims.



- **Reference Based Repricing using reference pricing models.** Popular parameters used for reference-based pricing include Medicare pricing, the provider's reported costs, average wholesale price, third party databases, and more. Simply put, reference-based pricing is so-named because the plan's *pricing* is *based* on a *reference*.
- Negotiations Establish a baseline for fair reimbursement with cost-based benchmarks and negotiate case by case.
- Do nothing and member responsible
- Supplemental PPO Networks route via EDI to 1 or more supplemental PPO networks in search of a provider contracted discount.





No Surprise Act

Interim final rule (the Interim Final Rule) implementing certain provisions of the No Surprises Act,[1] which aims to address balance bills on a national scale.

Effective for health insurance plan years beginning January 1, 2022, the legislation limits patient payment responsibility for certain unavoidable out-of-network services, prohibits providers and facilities from balance billing patients for those services, establishes price transparency disclosure requirements for providers and insurers, and mandates creation of dispute resolution processes for patients, providers, and insurers to address unanticipated medical bills.



Transparency in Coverage

Hospital Price Transparency Final Rule went into effect at the start of 2021, requiring hospitals to publish their negotiated rates with insurers along with discounted cash prices for 300 common services. Like the new rules for health insurers, hospitals must provide online consumer transparency tools and machine-readable files for research and analysis purposes.

Health insurers to provide personalized information about consumers' out-of-pocket costs for covered services via an online, self-service tool. An initial set of 500 "shoppable services" are supposed to be available to consumers in 2023, with the rest to follow in 2024.

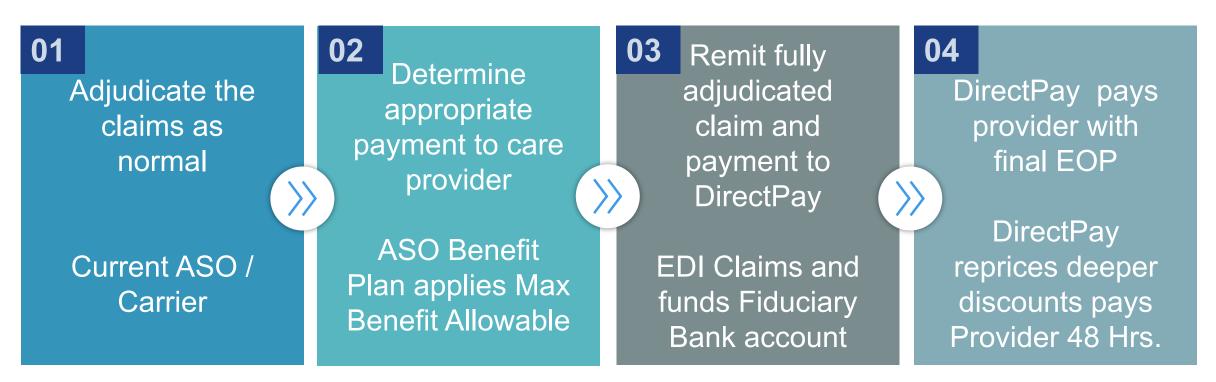
Insurers will also need to publish the underlying negotiated rates paid to healthcare providers, historical information on charges from and payments to out-of-network providers, and negotiated rates and historical prices for covered prescription drugs.

Who we are





DirectPay is a claims payment process that integrates medical claims review and provider payment administration into a seamless application and payment process into current Employer ecosystem directing all OON claims to DirectPay



DirectPay

Core Elements







Uses a Proprietary Settlement Agreement

- PSAs have been used for 25+ years by every major group health, workers comp and auto carrier
- Final payment is contractually-based and tied to an <u>Index Rate</u>
- No required logo identification or steerage language





Guarantees no recourse by care provider to member



3 Simplifies payment resolution

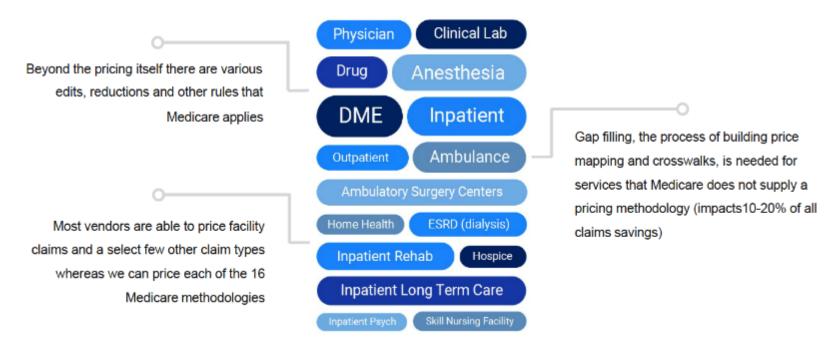


DirectPay leverages a supplemental gap fill method to price Professional, DME, and Clinical Lab procedure codes that are not covered by Medicare and are therefore not included in Medicare fee schedules. This method uses procedure code level data compiled by the Veterans Administration Chief Business Office as instructed in the Federal Register.

MEDICARE-BASED PRICING METHODOLOGIES

Medicare pricing is a complex undertaking

The Medicare pricing process is often misunderstood and mistaken for downloading the RBRVS fee schedule



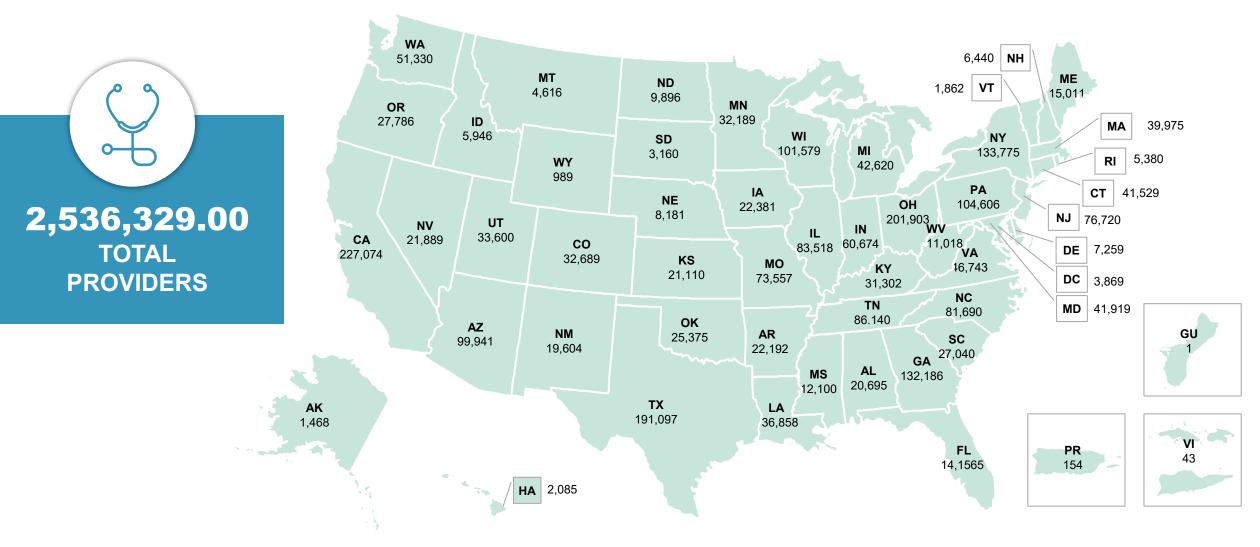
Index Savings



| State | UB Discount | HCFA Discount | Total Discount | State | UB Discount | HCFA Discount | Total Discount | State | UB Discount | HCFA Discount | Total Discount |
|-------|-------------|---------------|----------------|-------|-------------|---------------|----------------|----------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| AK | 67% | 72% | 72% | LA | 77% | 82% | 82% | ок | 80% | 78% | 78% |
| AL | 89% | 74% | 74% | MA | 76% | 58% | 58% | OR | 83% | 76% | 76% |
| AR | 77% | 67% | 57% | MD | 90% | 68% | 75% | PA | 87% | 63% | 64% |
| AZ | 85% | 67% | 69% | ME | 44% | 66% | 66% | PR | 64% | 67% | 65% |
| CA | 90% | 72% | 74% | МІ | 74% | 63% | 63% | RI | 57% | 54% | 55% |
| CO | 67% | 62% | 60% | MN | 81% | 67% | 69% | SC | 73% | 70% | 70% |
| СТ | 72% | 65% | 65% | МО | 88% | 63% | 64% | SD | 77% | 72% | 72% |
| DC | 77% | 69% | 69% | MS | 87% | 67% | 68% | TN | 81% | 80% | 80% |
| DE | 70% | 69% | 69% | МТ | 68% | 53% | 54% | тх | 86% | 86% | 86% |
| FL | 85% | 82% | 83% | NC | 93% | 66% | 68% | UT | 83% | 75% | 76% |
| GA | 91% | 66% | 68% | ND | 64% | 51% | 52% | VA | 83% | 65% | 65% |
| HI | 73% | 61% | 62% | NE | 87% | 58% | 58% | VT | 74% | 55% | 60% |
| IA | 81% | 53% | 57% | NH | 79% | 56% | 57% | WA | 92% | 63% | 64% |
| ID | 78% | 63% | 64% | NJ | 87% | 84% | 84% | WI | 77% | 75% | 75% |
| ١L | 83% | 70% | 71% | NM | 74% | 53% | 60% | WV | 71% | 61% | 61% |
| IN | 74% | 70% | 70% | NV | 85% | 73% | 78% | WY | 58% | 68% | 67% |
| KS | 77% | 58% | 58% | NY | 88% | 86% | 87% | National | /8% | 67% | 68% |
| KY | 79% | 66% | 72% | ОН | 71% | 74% | 73% | Avg | - 370 | 01,0 | |

Provider Locations





DirectPay Program









- Free Claims Savings Analysis 12 Months Out of Network Claims
- No Implementation or Set Up Fees
- Monthly Administration Fee
 - Based on Program Metrics
 - Either Fixed Cap Rate or Access Fee % of Savings
- Shared Savings
 - No Shared Savings up to Maximum Benefit Plan Allowable
 - 50 / 50 Shared Savings Below Maximum Benefit Plan Allowable

Recap Summary



Problem: Benefit Plan and Member costs for out of network claims are unpredictable and excessive up to 500% of Medicare with members many times getting surprise bills and or being balance billed.

Break Through: DirectPay is a national PPO supplemental network having all its providers under direct contracts of Medicare 120-200. DirectPay pays adjudicated claims to its network providers and guarantees discounts. No impact on member or member requirements.

Impact: DirectPay employer savings range \$11.3M to \$65M per year. Employers realize full value of program savings directly from DirectPay. Members guaranteed no balance billing.

Traction: DirectPay is fully operational with its PPO network for over 25+ years and now is direct contracting with employers. DirectPay has a number of carrier and self-insured benefit plan clients utilizing network services. Implementation at any time in ~ 90 days without any member impact.

Pricing: Monthly administration fee based on program requirements Shared savings on savings below plan maximum benefit allowable.

Discussion

Thank You



DirectPay: Proprietary & Confidential Information 2020

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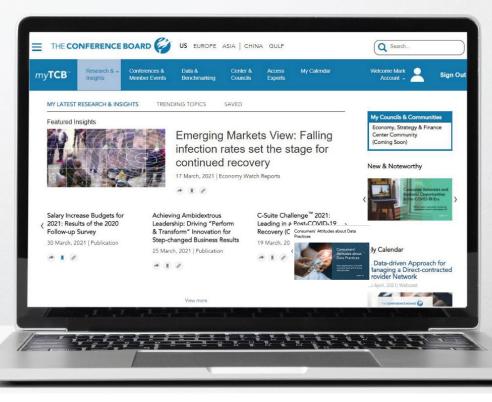




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